

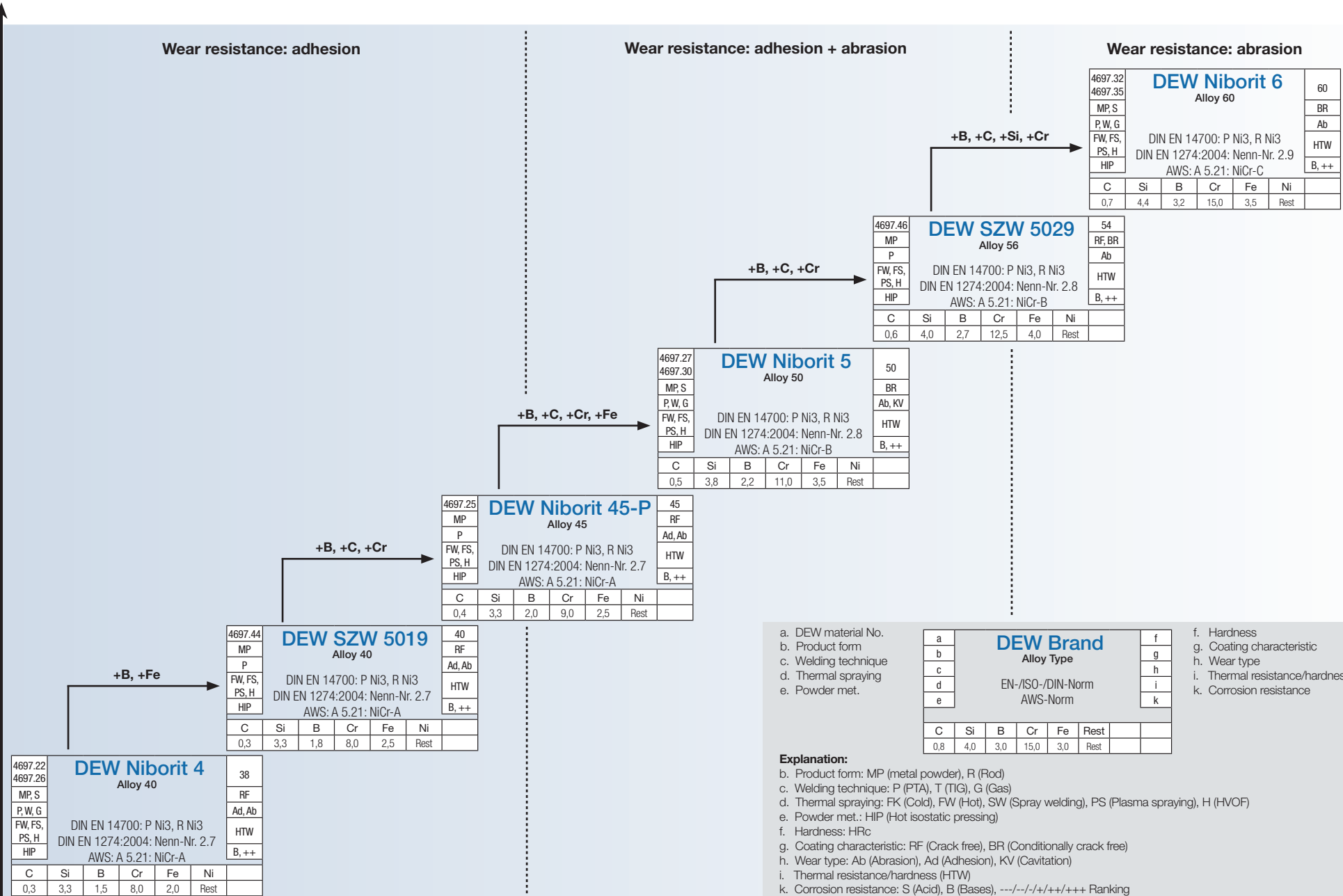
Schematic „family tree“ for Ni-Cr-Si-B-alloys (Niborite)/self-fluxing alloys



Member of Swiss Steel Group

Increasing corrosion resistance/
Increasing crack formation after welding

Decreasing melting temperature/increasing sintering



a. DEW material No.
b. Product form
c. Welding technique
d. Thermal spraying
e. Powder met.

a	b	c	d	e
f	g	h	i	k

DEW Brand Alloy Type

EN-/ISO-/DIN-Norm						AWS-Norm					
C	Si	B	Cr	Fe	Rest	C	Si	B	Cr	Fe	Rest
0,8	4,0	3,0	15,0	3,0	Rest						

f. Hardness
g. Coating characteristic
h. Wear type
i. Thermal resistance/hardness
k. Corrosion resistance

Explanation:
b. Product form: MP (metal powder), R (Rod)
c. Welding technique: P (PTA), T (TIG), G (Gas)
d. Thermal spraying: FK (Cold), FW (Hot), SW (Spray welding), PS (Plasma spraying), H (HVOF)
e. Powder met.: HIP (Hot isostatic pressing)
f. Hardness: HRC
g. Coating characteristic: RF (Crack free), BR (Conditionally crack free)
h. Wear type: Ab (Abrasion), Ad (Adhesion), KV (Cavitation)
i. Thermal resistance/hardness (HTW)
k. Corrosion resistance: S (Acid), B (Bases), ---/--/+/-++/+++ Ranking